

# 3 leadership profiles/metaphors

- 1. Divide into small groups
- Read aloud text(s)
- 3. After each of the 3 texts:
  - a) individually identify and write a **«label»** for that type of leader(ship) (ex. «captain») and a related **«core metaphor»** (ex. «sailing»)
  - b) in your small group group: share your label+ metaphor and negotiate/choose the best one

# 3 leadership profiles/metaphors

Coach (core metaphor: sideline)

Pilot: (core metaphor: map)

Servant (core metaphor: scaffold)

### **Leadership Ability**

### What

Processes, skills and knowledge to perform leadership functions



### How

Behaviour and attitude to display appropriate leadership style



### **Thought**

'Level of Work': intellect and 'time horizon' to match 'complexity' in role

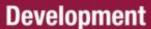




### Training

### Effects-Based Leadership Methods:

- Mission Analysis, Back Briefing and The Appreciation
- 2. Planning
- 3. Briefing Cascade and Extraction of Information from Briefs



### **Clarity Develops Flexibility:**

- 1. Clarity of Process, Role, Tasks
- Self-Awareness Clarity of Behavioural Drivers, Preferences and Feedback on Impact
- 3. Coaching on 'How' to apply 'The What'

### **Assignments**

#### **Maturation Over Time:**

- Stretching Projects, Tasks and Assignments
- Intellectual Stretch Analysis of sector, likely evolution of market and implications
- 3. Exposure to 'thought leaders'

Manage Yourself. Taking personal responsibility to be more deliberate and productive in the things you do.

- > Conceptual Thinking
- > Customer Focus
- > Resiliency

- > Self Management
- > Self Starting

Manage Others. Being more efficient and effective with the people and teams your supervise. It is getting things done while balancing quality with timeliness

- > Decision Making
- > Flexibility
- > Planning & Organizing > Teamwork
- > Problem Solving
- > Results Orientation

Lead Yourself. Taking accountability for your work now and in the future

- > Accountability for Others
- > Goal Achievement
- > Personal Accountability

Lead Others. Taking accountability that you, as a leader, are influencing others to continually and consistently improve the lives of clients, customers and co-workers.

- > Conflict Mgt
- > Diplomacy & Tact
- > Empathetic Outlook
- >Interpersonal Skills

- > Influence Others
- > Lead Others
- > Objective Listening

### Coach for Performance.

Proactively and deliberately making the time to improve yourself and to assist others in their development.

- > Continuous Learning
- > Develop Others

# followers/collaborators

Type 1

• Technically able to complete task
• Willing and confident to complete task

Type 2

• Technically able to complete task
• Unwilling to complete task or insecure

Type 3

• Unable to complete task assigned
• Willing and confident to complete task

• Unable to complete task assigned
• Unable to complete task assigned
• Unable to complete task or insecure

# Type 1 Followers: Use Delegating Style

- turn over responsibility for decisions and implementation to followers
- need less focus on relationships or task guidance

### Type 2 Followers: Use Participating Style

- share ideas and facilitate in decision making
- focus more on building relationships and less on task guidance and details

# Type 3 Followers: Use Selling Style

- explain decisions and provide opportunity for clarification
- focus on both building relationships and giving task guidance

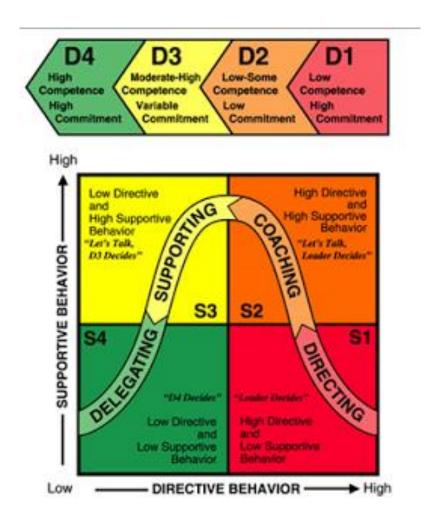
### Type 4 Followers: Use Telling Style

- provide specific instructions and closely supervise performance
- focus on task guidance and clarification and less on relationships

Unwilling to complete task or insecure

# Type 1 • Technically able to complete task • Willing and confident to complete task • Technically able to complete task • Unwilling to complete task or insecure • Unable to complete task assigned • Willing and confident to complete task • Unable to complete task assigned

Type 4



### **CORE LEADERSHIP**

### STRATEGY

Vision Acumen Planning Courage to Lead

### **ACTION**

Decision Making Communication Mobilizing Others

### RESULTS

Risk Taking
Results Focus
Agility

### ADAPTIVE LEADERSHIP

# EMOTIONAL INTELLIGENCE

Self-Awareness
Self-Management
Social Awareness
Relationship
Management

# ORGANIZATIONAL JUSTICE

Information
Sharing
Outcome Concern

### **CHARACTER**

Integrity
Credibility
Values
Differences

### **DEVELOPMENT**

Lifelong Learning

Developing Others

# Leadership is (by Unipd students)...

- ability to lead a group of people to carry a mission successfully within a limited period of time
- ability to delegate / to create mutual trust / coordinate / make people work together / deal with group diversity
- ability to listen actively and to identify and to respond to group and individual needs and abilities/potential / make oneself available
- creating empowerment opportunities for other group members to learn leadership skills
- (can be a distributed ability)
- leadership position (i.e. boss) vs natural leadership attitude/beahviour
- problem-solving and counselling ability
- being responsible for others and for project's tasks
- being a model / able to represent others
- having an identity
- being able to adapt attitudes according to different contexts / partners

## Teamwork is ...

- awareness of one own's limits and potential
- understanding different ways of thinking
- ability to listen to ther's point of view and to explain one's point of view taking into account different backgrounds
- ability to share and to change one's point of view
- ability to coordinate and to value each group member
- ability to become friends / develop relations beyond the work environment
- ability to share / communicate results across different disciplines
- ability to tap from / work with different communication means in different face to face and online environments
- make the others aware of what you are doing and to link this awareness to suggested changes

# Previous experiences

- As Students representative one needs to have the above mentioned qualities
- Through such representation experience one has the opportunity to develop such abilities
- Mutual trust is crucial to such development
- To organise joint activities and to design and to run creative/advertising activities adds a stimulating challenge (implying ability to delegate/allow turn over)
- being the director of a students magazine, including respecting deadlines, managing tasks such as writing, editing, printing; and develop relations with senior staff
- Yet another way to learn leadership skills: political activity: for instance: promoting a sustainability youth movement; run political activities that imply listening to and understanding members' desires
- being promoted to management position / relate to senior management and learn about their expectations.
- Represent students with Entrepreneurs representatives and focus on reciprocal reputation while improving relations
- Sport captain: organise, orient and communicate best position, identify challenges and ways to respond; mediate among team mates

## Job related features

- As academic professor you have to create a relationship with students but also to keep repspect for your position
- In any job you need leadership skills
- Cross cultural contexts and international projects require extra leadership abilities
- Leading a research group it is crucial to be able to choose which way to go
- Understand who has actually leadership skills beyond our own individual aspirations
- In Physics and Science in general it is crucial to be able to disseminate / communicate results as spoke person (as in CERN)